Pearson Education accepts no responsibility whatsoever for the accuracy or method of working in the answers given.

Centre No.			Paper Reference			Surname	Initial(s)				
Candidate No.			1	3	8	0		4	H	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

1380/4H

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics (Linear) – 1380

Paper 4 (Calculator)

Higher Tier

Monday 5 March 2012 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour 45 minutes



Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page.

Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 24 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators may be used.

If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

This publication may be reproduced only in accordance with Pearson Education Ltd copyright policy.

Printer's Log. No.

Turn over

PEARSON

©2012 Pearson Education Ltd.

W850/R1380/57570 6/6/7/3

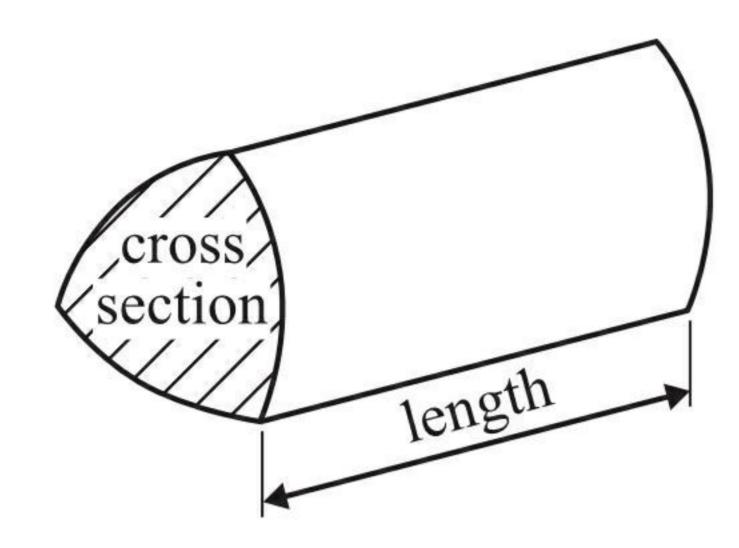
GCSE Mathematics (Linear) 1380

Formulae: Higher Tier

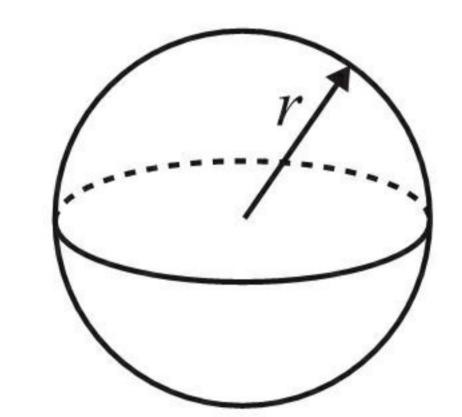
You must not write on this formulae page.

Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

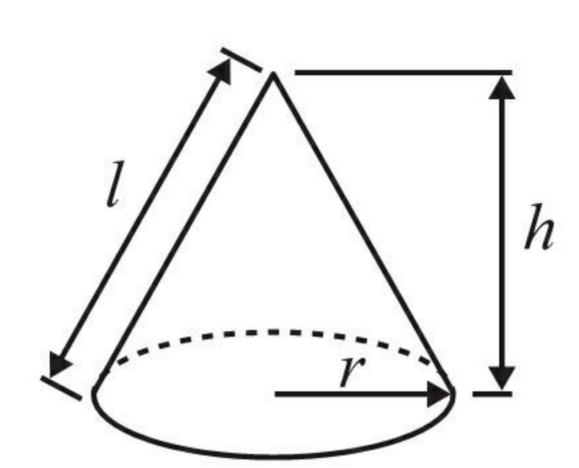
Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length



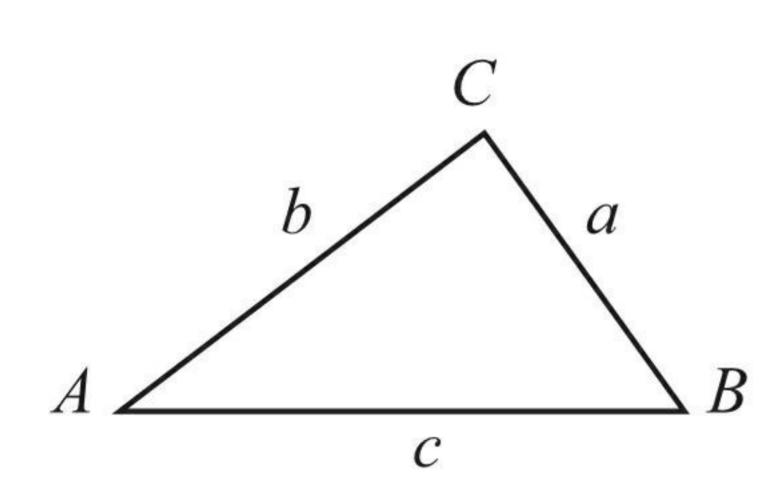
Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere $=4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ Curved surface area of cone $=\pi rl$



In any triangle ABC



Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \quad \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

Leave blank

Answer ALL TWENTY FOUR questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

1. Here are the first five terms in a number sequence.

Find the 10th term in this number sequence.

(Total 2 marks)

2. A rugby team played six games.

The mean score for the six games is 14.5

The rugby team played one more game.

The mean score for all seven games is 16

Work out the number of points the team scored in the seventh game.

3. Rosie and Jim are going on holiday to the USA.

Jim changes £350 into dollars (\$).

The exchange rate is £1 = \$1.34

(a) Work out how many dollars (\$) Jim gets.

In the USA Rosie sees some jeans costing \$67

In London the same make of jeans costs £47.50

The exchange rate is still £1 = \$1.34



(b) Work out the difference between the cost of the jeans in the USA and in London. Give your answer in pounds (£).

£ ... 2... 5.0 (3)

IQ

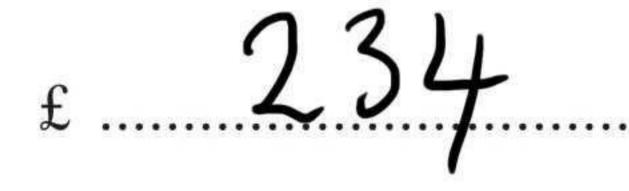
Leave

4. John needs 4 tyres for his car.

He pays for 3 tyres and gets one tyre free. The tyres cost £65 each plus VAT at 20%.

Work out how much in total John pays for the tyres.





Q4

(Total 4 marks)

5. (a) Use your calculator to work out
$$\frac{\sqrt{2.5^2 + 3.75}}{3.9 - 1.7}$$

Write down all the figures on your calculator display. You must give your answer as a decimal.

1437398936

(3)

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 decimal places.

1.44

)

6. The equation $x^3 + 3x = 41$

has a solution between 3 and 4

Use a trial and improvement method to find this solution. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

You must show all your working.

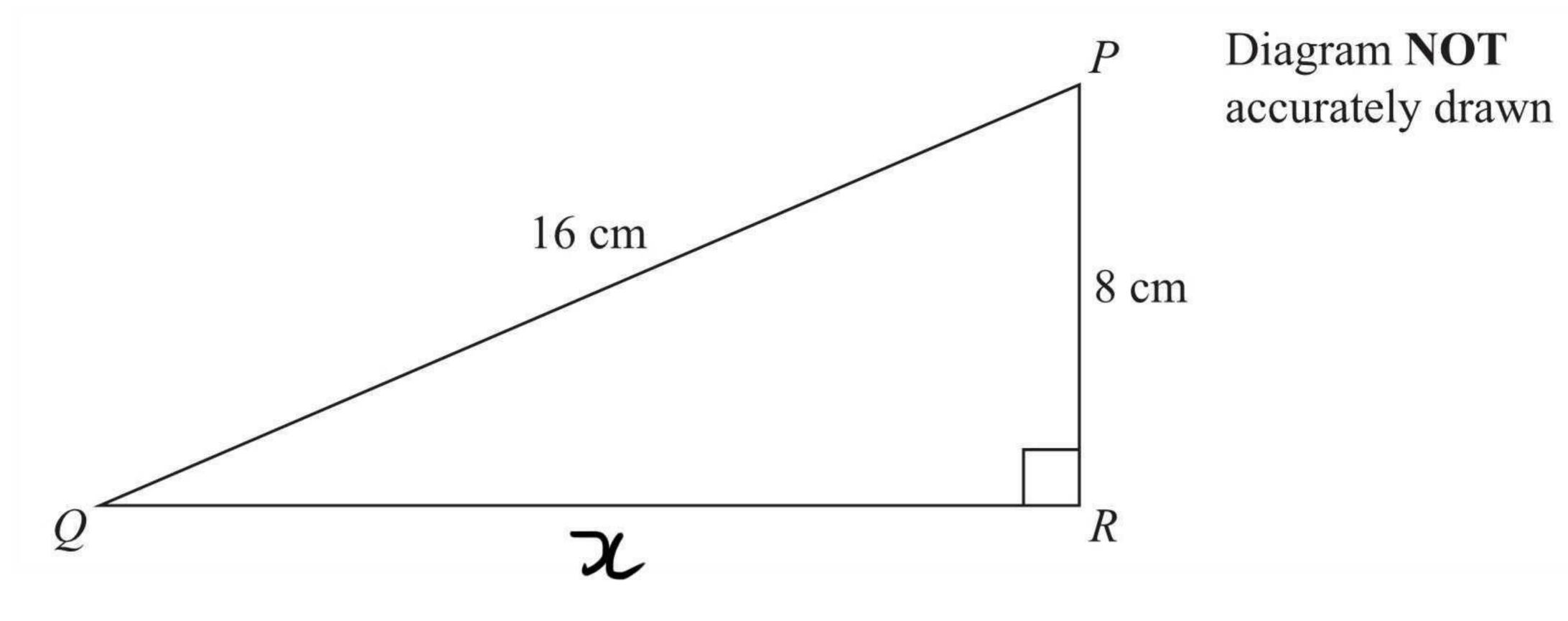
X	$\chi^3 + 3\chi$	comment
3.5	(3.5) ³ +3(3.5) = 53.375	400 Wigh
3.3	45.837 42.368	too high too high
2.15	39.091	400 1000

$$x = \frac{3 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 2}$$

Q6

Leave blank

7



PQR is a right-angled triangle.

$$PQ = 16 \text{ cm}.$$

$$PR = 8 \text{ cm}.$$

Calculate the length of QR.

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

$$\chi^{2} + 8^{2} = 16^{2}$$

$$\chi^{2} = 16^{2} - 8^{2}$$

$$\chi = \sqrt{16^{2} - 8^{2}}$$

$$= 13.86$$

$$= 13.86$$

13.86 cm

Leave

8. (a) Simplify $x^5 \times x^4$

9 1 (1)

(b) Simplify $y^7 \div y^2$

Z ~(1

(c) Expand and simplify 3(2a + 5) + 5(a - 2)

a + 5(2)

(d) Expand and simplify (y + 5)(y + 7)

$$y^{2} + 7y + 5y + 35$$

$$y^{2} + 12y + 35$$
(2)

(e) Factorise $p^2 - 6p + 8$

$$(\rho - 2)(\rho - 4)$$

80

9. Riki has a packet of flower seeds.

The table shows each of the probabilities that a seed taken at random will grow into a flower that is pink or red or blue or yellow.

Colour	pink	red	blue	yellow	white
Probability	0.15	0.25	0.20	0.16	

(a) Work out the probability that a seed taken at random will grow into a white flower.

There are 300 seeds in the packet.

All of the seeds grow into flowers.

(b) Work out an estimate for the number of red flowers.

75

10. Caleb measured the heights of 30 plants.

The table gives some information about the heights, h cm, of the plants.

Height (h cm) of plants	Frequency	mapoint	مذري دركم لا لاحوم
$0 < h \leqslant 10$	2	5	10
$10 < h \leqslant 20$	8	15	120
$20 < h \leqslant 30$	9	25	225
$30 < h \leqslant 40$	7	35	245
$40 < h \leqslant 50$	4	45	180
	30		780

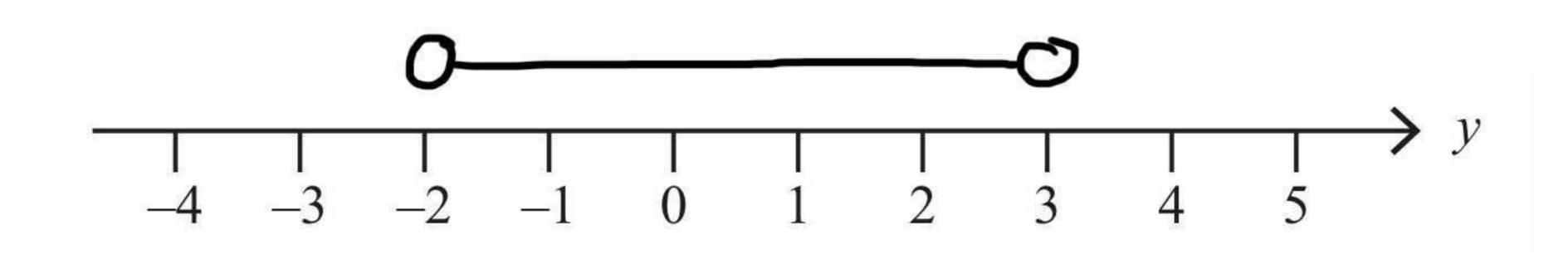
Work out an estimate for the mean height of a plant.

(16 cm

Q10

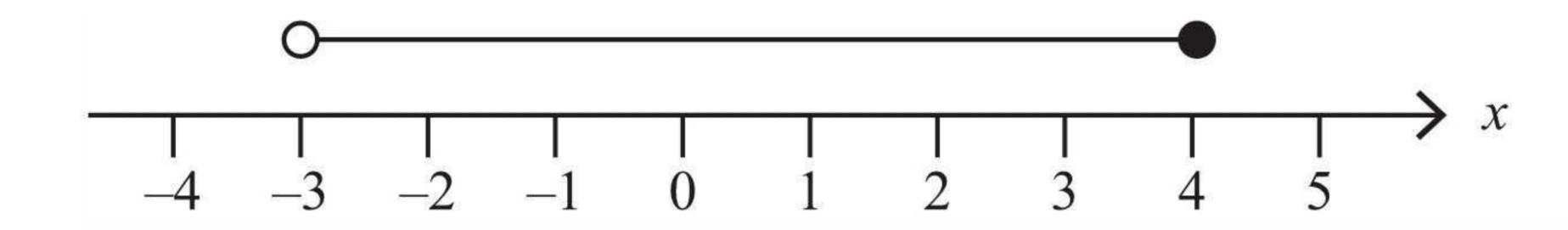


11. (a) On the number line below, show the inequality -2 < y < 3

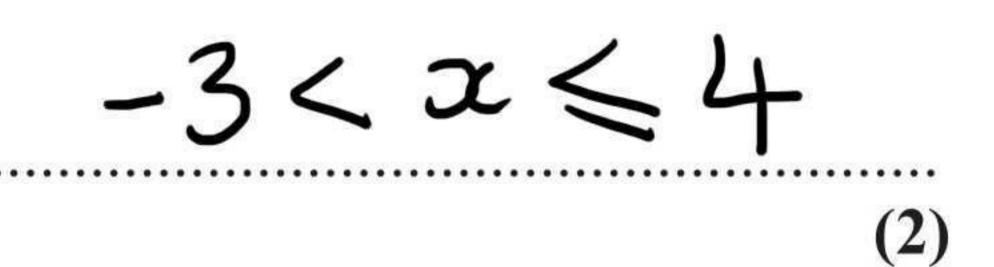


(1)

(b) Here is an inequality, in x, shown on a number line.



Write down the inequality.



(c) Solve the inequality 4t - 5 > 9

211

(Total 5 marks)

12. Sylvie shares £45 between Ann, Bob and Cath in the ratio 2:3:4

Work out the amount each person gets.

Q12

13. ABCD is a trapezium.

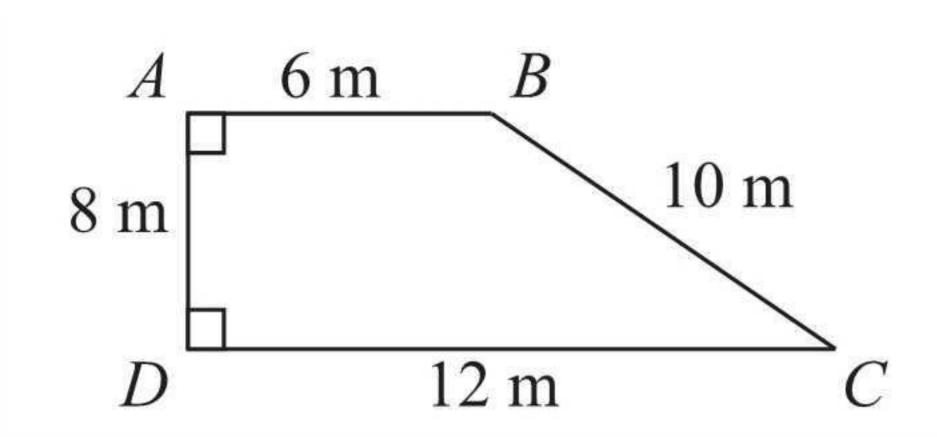


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Work out the area of the trapezium.

 $\frac{72}{m^2}$

Q13

(Total 2 marks)

14. PQR is a right-angled triangle.

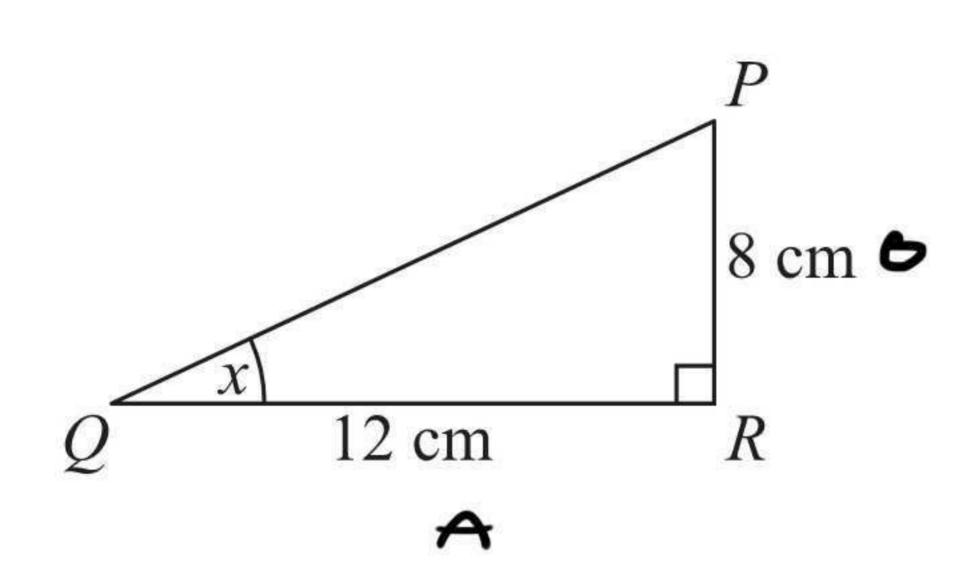


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

PR = 8 cm.QR = 12 cm.

(a) Find the size of the angle marked x. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$tan(x) = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$5c = tan^{-1} \left(\frac{8}{12}\right)$$

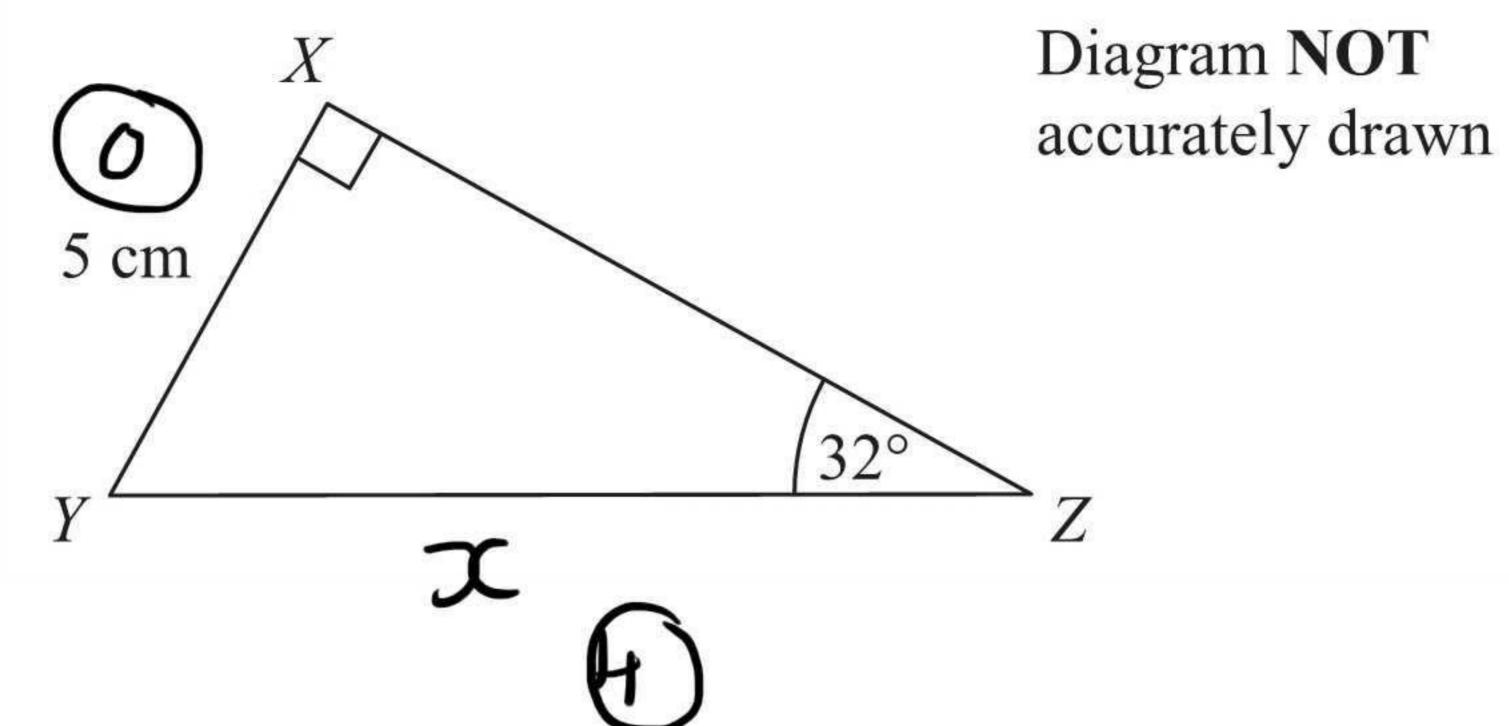
$$5c = 33.7 \text{ (AP)}$$

33.7

(3)

Leave

XYZ is a different right-angled triangle.



XY = 5 cm. Angle $Z = 32^{\circ}$.

(b) Calculate the length YZ.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

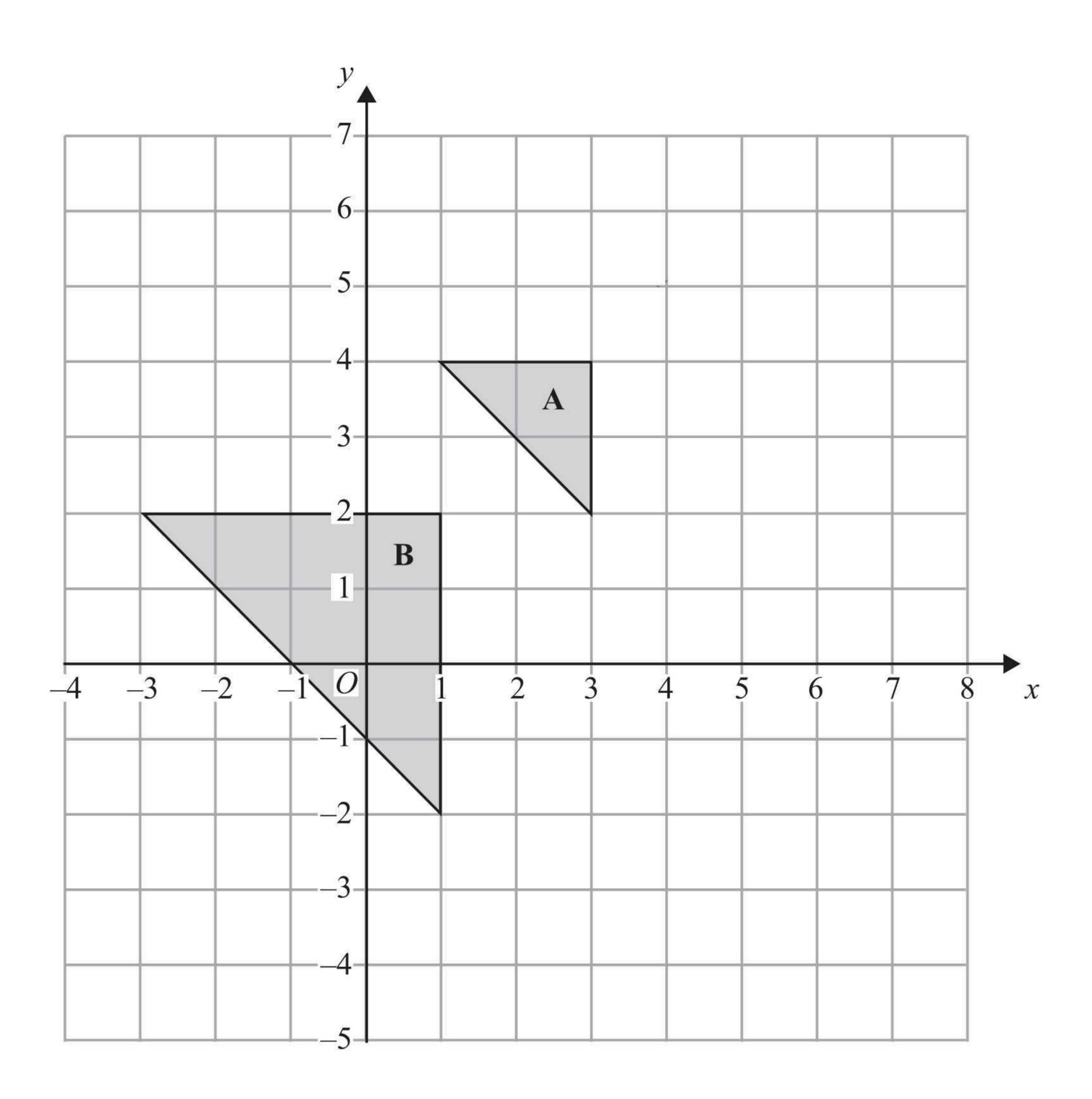
$$\sin(32) = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{\sin(32)}$$

$$x = 9.44(358)$$

9.44 cm
(3)

Q14

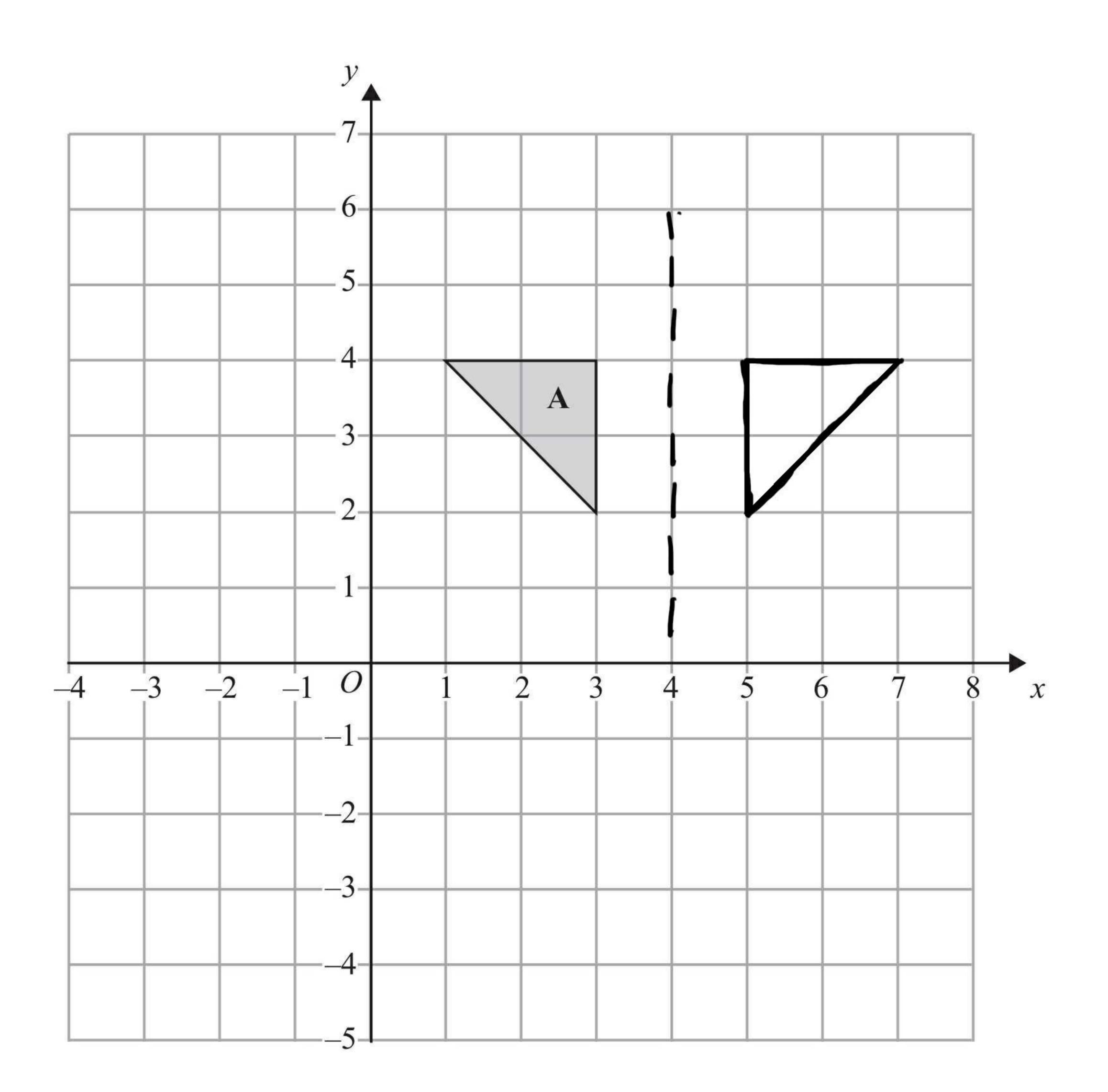


Triangle A and triangle B are drawn on the grid.

(a) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle A onto triangle B.

enloygement, 5 cale factor 2, centre (5,6)

Leave blank



(b) Reflect triangle A in the line x = 4

2) Q1:

16. This frequency table gives information about the ages of 60 teachers.

Age (A) in years	Frequency
20 < A ≤ 30	12
$30 < A \leq 40$	15
$40 < A \leq 50$	18
50 < A ≤ 60	12
$60 < A \leqslant 70$	3

(a) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

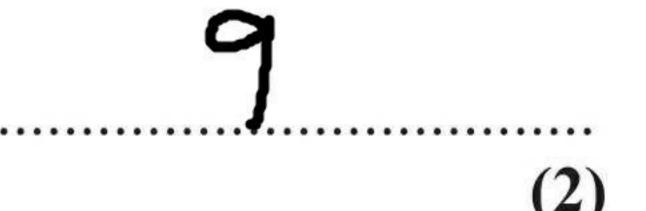
Age (A) in years	Cumulative frequency
20 < A ≤ 30	12
$20 < A \leqslant 40$	27
$20 < A \leqslant 50$	45
20 < A ≤ 60	57
$20 < A \leqslant 70$	60

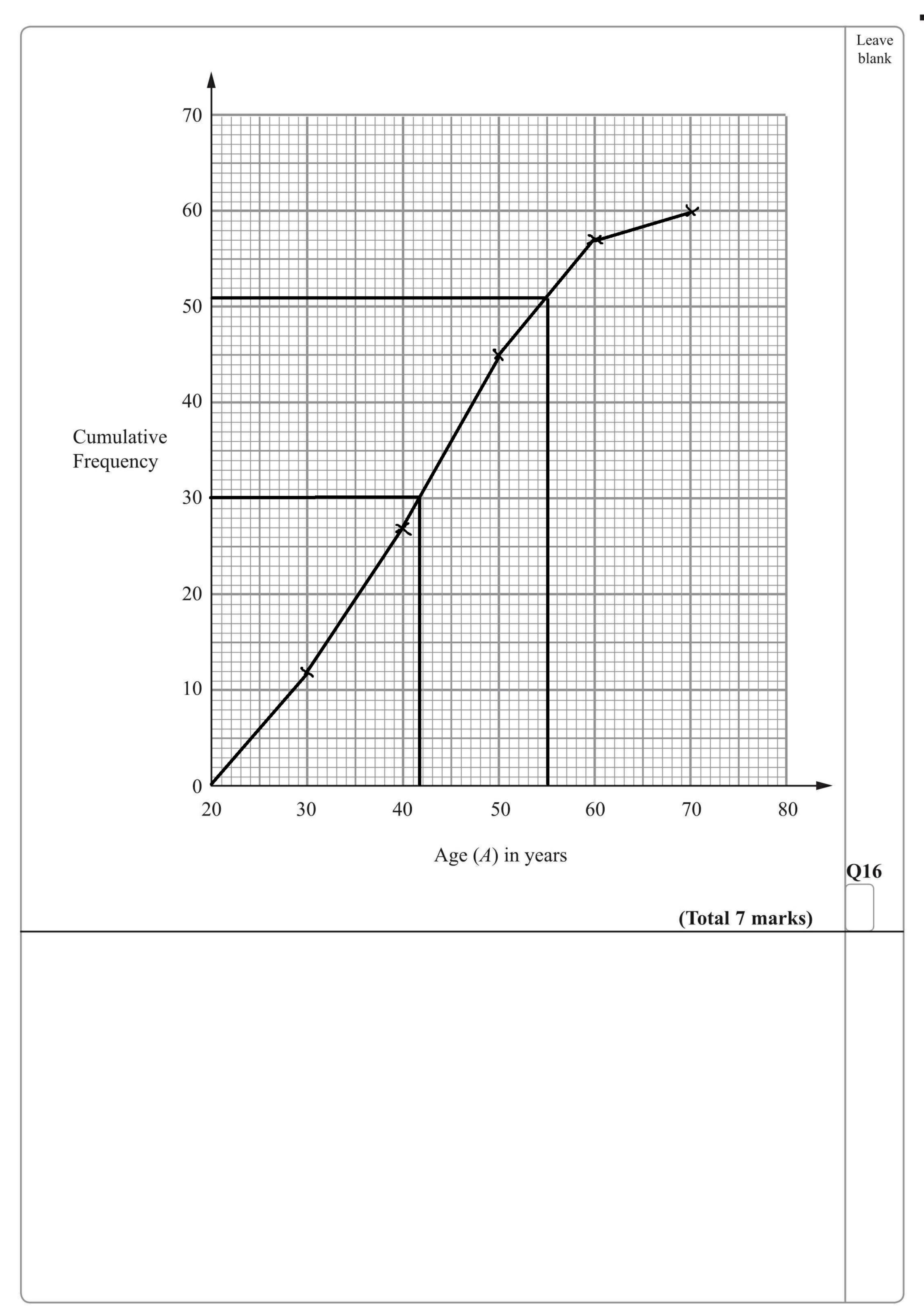
(1)

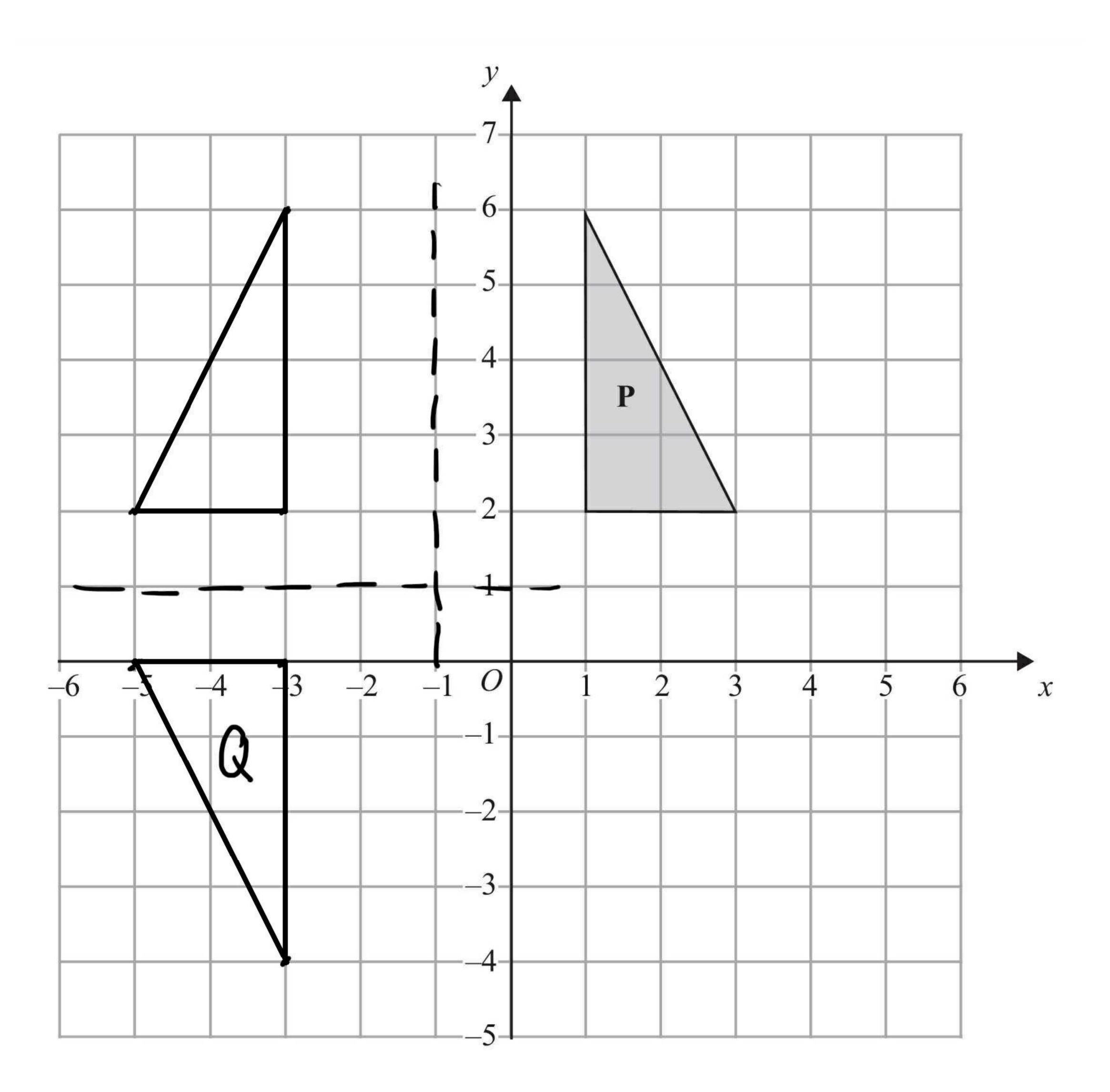
- (b) On the grid opposite, draw a cumulative frequency graph for this information.
- (c) Use your cumulative frequency graph to find an estimate for the median age.

42..... years (2)

(d) Use your cumulative frequency graph to find an estimate for the number of teachers older than 55 years.







Triangle P is drawn on a coordinate grid.

The triangle **P** is reflected in the line x = -1 and then reflected in the line y = 1 to give triangle **Q**.

Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle P onto triangle Q.

Rotation,	180	centre	(-1,1)

017

Leave blank

18. Solve the equations

$$3x + 5y = 19 \times 4 \\ 4x - 2y = -18 \times 3$$

$$12x + 20y = 76$$

$$12a - 6y = -54$$

$$26y = 130$$

$$y = 5$$

$$3x + 5(5) = 19$$

$$3x + 25 = 19$$

$$3x + 25 = -6$$

$$3x + 25 = -6$$

$$3x + 25 = -6$$

$$x = \dots$$

Q18

(Total 4 marks)

19. Solve the equation $5x^2 + 8x - 6 = 0$ Give each solution correct to 2 decimal places.

$$a = 5$$

$$b = 8$$

$$c = -6$$

$$x = -(8) + \sqrt{(8)^2 - 4(5)(-6)}$$

$$2(5)$$

$$\chi = 0.56$$
 or -2.16

Q19

Leave

20. Here is a triangle ABC.

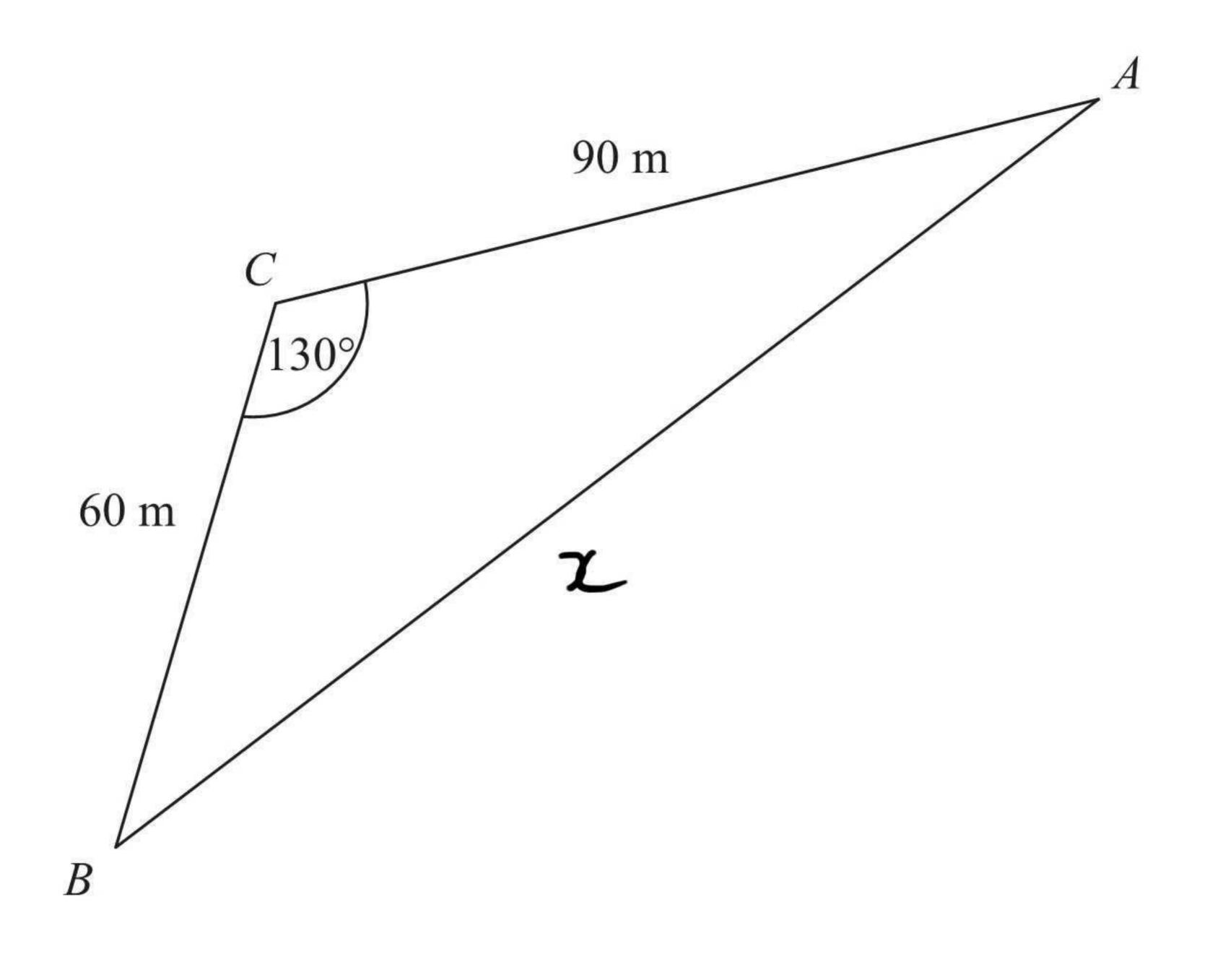


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

AC = 90 m. BC = 60 m.Angle $ACB = 130^{\circ}.$

Calculate the perimeter of the triangle.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$x^{2} = (60)^{2} + (90)^{2} - 2(60)(96) \cos(130)$$

$$x^{2} = 18642.166$$

$$x = 136.536$$

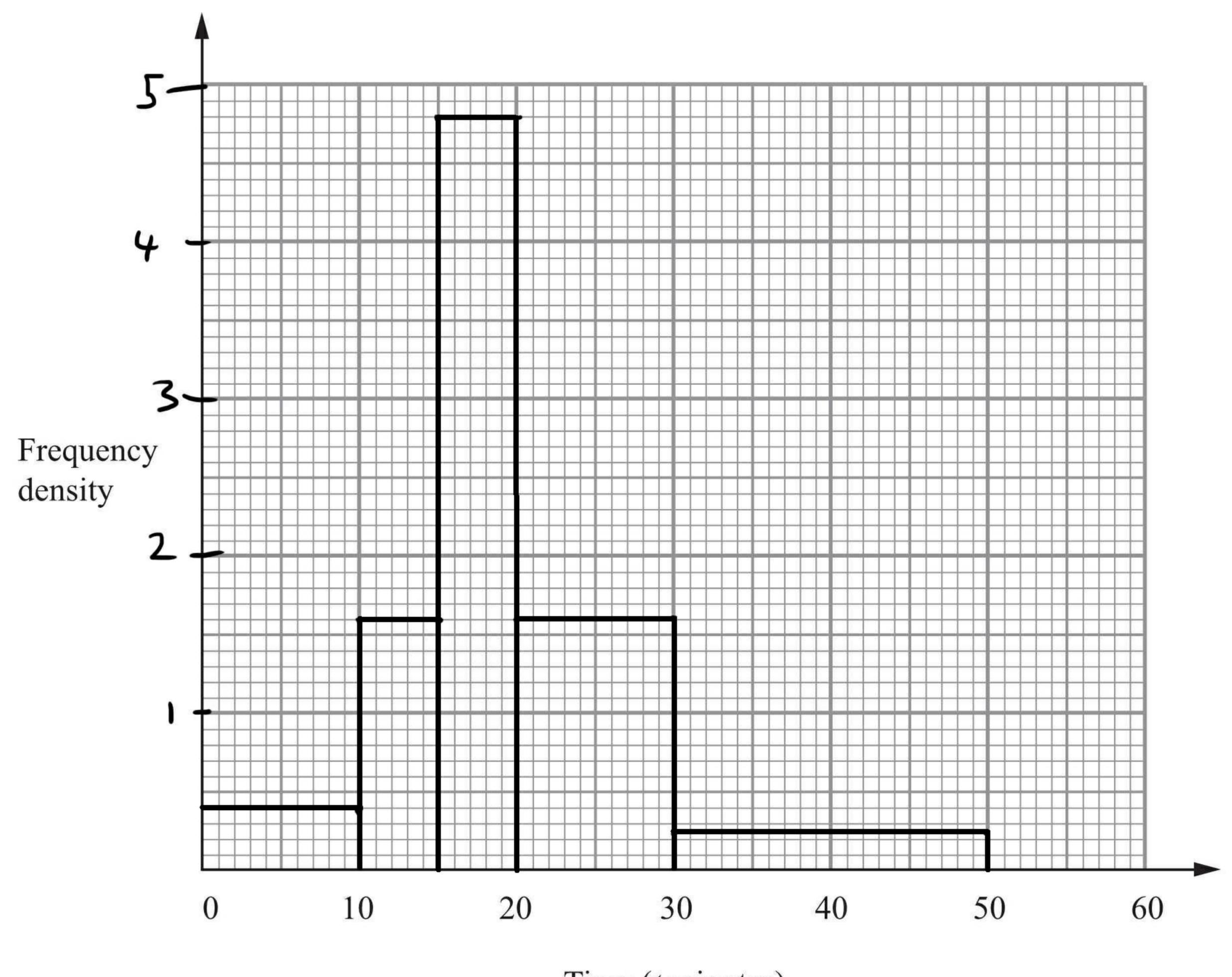
286.5 m

Q20

21. The table shows information about the lengths of time, *t* minutes, it took some students to do their maths homework last week.

		X	
Time (t minutes	m _g	Frequency	F . 04
$0 < t \leqslant 10$	ر ٥	4	0.4
10 < t ≤ 15	5	8	1.6
15 < <i>t</i> ≤ 20	5	24	4.8
20 < t ≤ 30	\ 6	16	1.6
30 < t ≤ 50	2°	5	0.25

Draw a histogram for this information.



Time (t minutes)

Q21

22. The average fuel consumption (c) of a car, in kilometres per litre, is given by the formula

$$c = \frac{d}{f}$$

where d is the distance travelled, in kilometres, and f is the fuel used, in litres.

d = 163 correct to 3 significant figures. f = 45.3 correct to 3 significant figures.

By considering bounds, work out the value of c to a suitable degree of accuracy. You must show all of your working and give a reason for your final answer.

$$c = 3.6$$

23.

Leave blank

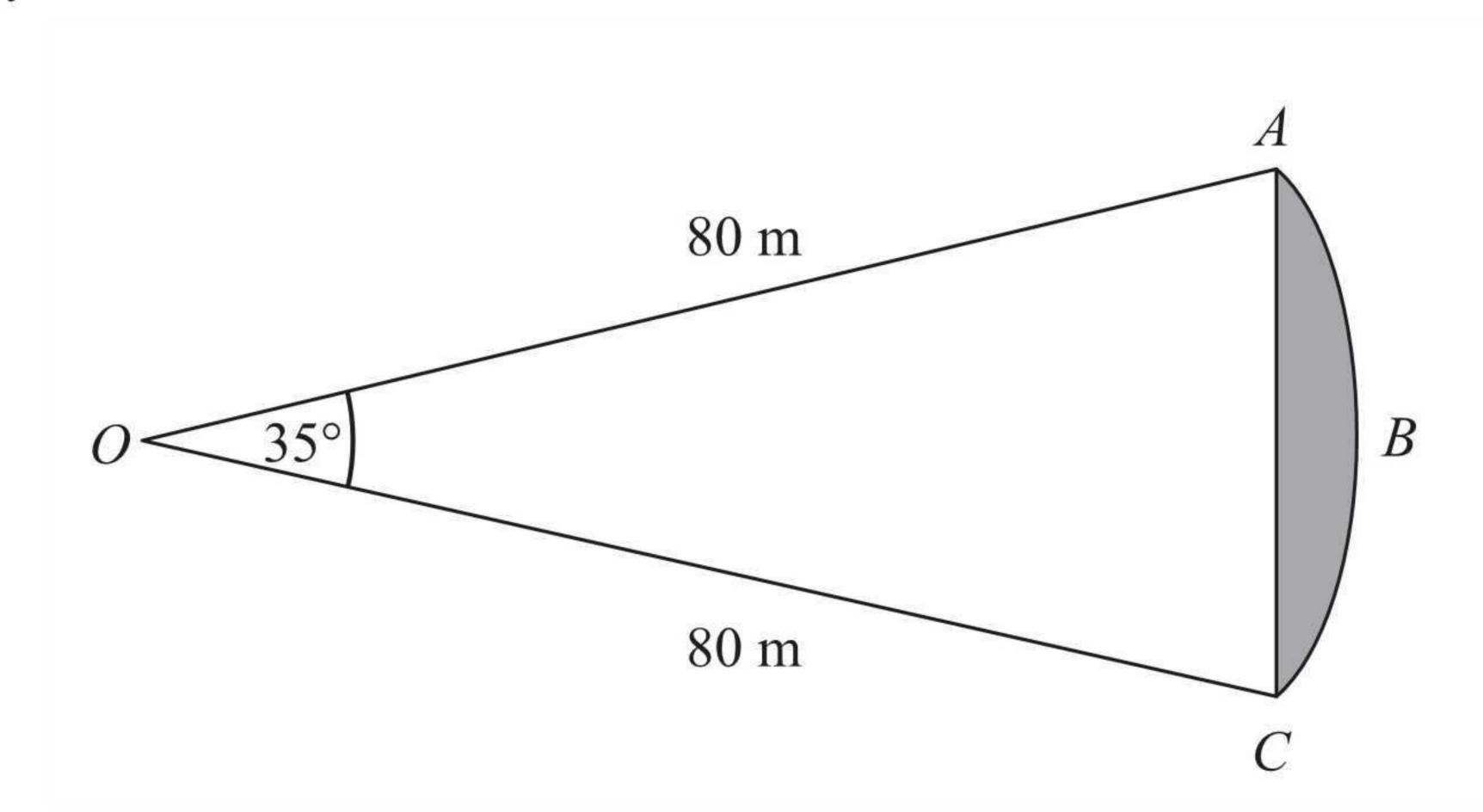


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

ABC is an arc of a circle centre O with radius 80 m. AC is a chord of the circle. Angle $AOC = 35^{\circ}$.

Calculate the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Area of triangle = 2x80x80 sin(35)

)/9 m²

Q23

24. Solve
$$\frac{5(2x+1)^{2}}{4x+5} = 5x-1$$

$$5(2x+1)^{2} = (5x-1)(4x+5)$$

$$5(2x+1)(2x+1) = (5x-1)(4x+5)$$

$$5(4x^{2}+2x+2x+1) = 20x^{2}+25x-4x-5$$

$$5(4x^{2}+4x+1) = 20x^{2}+21x-5$$

$$20x^{2}+20x+5 = 20x^{2}+21x-5$$

$$20x+5 = 21x-5$$

$$10 = x$$

2=10

Q24

(Total 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

END