* WORKED SOLUTIONS *

Su	rna	ame
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First name(s)

Centre Number



GCSE



TUESDAY, 2 NOVEMBER 2021 - MORNING

MATHEMATICS – Component 1 Non-Calculator Mathematics FOUNDATION TIER

2 hours 15 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination. A ruler, protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the additional page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and orderly, clear presentation in your answers.



6. 1		
For Ex	aminer's us	e only
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	8	
2.	5	
3.	2	
4.	5	
5.	4	
6.	4	
7.	3	
8.	4	
9.	4	
10.	4	
11.	4	
12.	11	
13.	9	
14.	7	
15.	7	
16.	4	
17.	4	
18.	2	
19.	4	
20.	5	
21.	4	
22.	4	
23.	4	
24.	5	
25.	3	
Total	120	

C300U10-1

Formula list

2

Area and volume formulae

Where r is the radius of the sphere or cone, l is the slant height of a cone and h is the perpendicular height of a cone:

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi r h$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Kinematics formulae

Where *a* is constant acceleration, *u* is initial velocity, *v* is final velocity, *s* is displacement from the position when t = 0 and *t* is time taken:

v = u + at $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$ $v^{2} = u^{2} + 2as$





03

Turn over.



ſΩ

5 Examiner only Work out the probability that the football fan answered World Cup. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form. (ii) [2] P(World Cup 40 = <u>4</u> 12 ١ 3 120 / Circle the equation. 3. (a) [1] 2x > 3 $x \leqslant 5$ $x \neq 2$ 5x + 73x = 6C300U101 05 Circle the expression that means '4 lots of n'. (b) [1] 4 + n $n \times n \times n \times n$ n = 4 $n \div 4$

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05

(C300U10-1)

4.	Joni is buyi She needs	ng a Silver Twist carpet. to buy 30 m ² and have it deliver	red	Examiner
	Joni wants She choose	to pay the lowest total price pos es from these two local shops.	ssible.	
		Supadeal Carpets	Rugs to Go	
		50% off marked price Local delivery £25	Always low prices Free local delivery	
		Silver Twist £24 per m ²	Silver Twist £13 per m ²	
	From <u>which</u> You must sł	shop should she buy her carpe now all your working.	t and how much will she save by choosing this shop [5	?
	Supac	leal Carpets	Rugs to Go.	-
		30 × 24	30 X 1 3	
		120		
		600		
		720	000	
	50% o	f_{360} ff 21720	<u>E 370</u>	
		360 + <u>25</u>		
	E ch	<u>385</u> eapest		
	S	he should buy from Sup	adeal Carpets and will	
			······	







Examiner only 7. Maria is playing a game with two fair spinners. She spins each spinner once. 1 2 6 8 2 10 8 4 She adds the two scores together. (a) Complete the diagram to show all the possible totals. [1] Spinner 2 2 + 6 8 10 C300U101 09 7 1 3 9 11 12 2 4 8 10 Spinner 1 14 12 10 4 6 16 18 14 8 10 Maria wins the game when the total is 10 or less. (b)What is the probability that Maria does not win the game? [2] 16 Total possibilities Wins (≤ 10) 69 Lose (>10) 孔







C300U101 11

		12	
10.	(a)	Katy uses the following rule for cooking frozen fish.	Examine only
		 Measure the fish in <u>cm</u> at its thickest point. Cook frozen fish for <u>8 minutes per cm</u>. Turn the fish <u>over halfway</u> through the cooking time. 	
		Katy cooks a piece of frozen fish that measures 3 cm at its thickest point.	
		After how many minutes should Katy turn her piece of fish over? [2] $3 \times 8 = 24$ mins total cooking time	
		She should turn it after 12 mins	
	(b)	 Sajid uses the following rule for cooking fresh fish. Measure the fish in <u>cm</u> at its thickest point. Cook fresh fish for <u>4 minutes per cm.</u> Add an extra <u>5 minutes</u> to the cooking time for fish wrapped in foil. 	
		Sajid cooks a piece of fresh fish that he has wrapped in <u>foil.</u> He uses the rule and cooks his fish for a total of 31 minutes.	
		How thick was Sajid's fish at its thickest point before he cooked it? [2] 31 - 5 = 26 $26 \div 4 = 6.5$ cm $4\sqrt{2^26^20}$	
-			
			2
	12		

Examine only 11. (a) £125 is invested at a fixed percentage rate of simple interest. In 3 years it earns £9 simple interest. How many years in total will it take to earn £36 simple interest? [1] Eq = 3 = E3 / year initerest 36-3 = 12 years 12 years (b)Jim invested £20000 in Lulu's business. Lulu agreed to pay Jim a fixed percentage rate of simple interest each year on his investment. At the end of 5 years, Lulu had paid Jim a total of £4000 in interest payments. What yearly rate of simple interest did Lulu agree to pay? [3] £800 / year in interest $4000 \div 5$ C300U101 $\frac{8\phi\phi}{2\phi\phi\phi\phi} \times 1\phi\phi = \frac{8}{2} = \frac{4\%}{2}$ 4 %

	Dates	Double Plus Room	Family (4 or 5	Room people)	
		no more than one child)	Each adult	Each child	
	01 Mar – 31 May	£117	£63	£8	
-1>	01 Jun – 31 Aug	£160	£80	£12	
	01 Sep – 30 Nov	£105	£57	£7	
	 The hotel website s a child must l a person age a single adu 	tates: be 17 years old or less, d 18 or more must pay the It in a double plus room pay -	adult rate, ys $\frac{3}{4}$ of the star	ndard price per night.	
	Mr and Mrs King ar They will be taking Mr and Mrs King ar one double p for Henry, or one family ro	e making a booking for one their two sons, William age בילולם e going to book either lus room for themselves an om for all 4 of them.	d 11 and Henry	aged 20. מושע 20. מושע מושע מושע מושע מושע מושע מושע מושע	1
	How much <u>more</u> w than it will if they st You must show all y	ill it cost the King family to a ay in a family room? /our working.	stay for the nig	nt in two double plus	ro
Dau	BLE PLUS RC	<u>oms</u>	$\frac{3 \times 160}{4}$) = 120	
Dau	3LE PLUS RO 160 Mr	oms. +MrsKing+Willic	$\frac{3 \times 160}{4}$) = 120	
<u>Dau</u> +	$\frac{3LEPLUSRO}{160}$	<u>oms</u> +MrsKing+Willi <i>c</i> nny .	<u>3</u> x 16C 4 im) = 120	
<u>Dau</u> + E	$\frac{3LEPLUSRO}{160}$	<u>cms</u> +Mr3King+Willic nny .	<u>3</u> x 16C <u>4</u> 1m) = 120	
Dau + E	<u>3LE PLUS RO</u> 160 Mr <u>120 He</u> 280 ILY ROOM	<u>cms</u> +MrsKing+Willic nny .	<u>3</u> × 16C 4) = 120	
2011 + E	3LE PLUS RO 160 Mr 120 He 280 11LY ROOM 80×3 =	<u>cms</u> +Mr3King+Willic nny . E240	<u>3</u> × 16C 4 im) = 120 2780	
2011 + E	$\frac{3LEPLUSRO}{160}$ $\frac{120}{120}$ $\frac{120}{120}$ $\frac{120}{120}$ $\frac{120}{80\times3} = 12\times1 = 12$	<u>cms</u> +Mrsking+Willic nny . E240 12	<u>5</u> x 16C 4 im) = 120 2780 252	
<u>Dau</u> + E	$\frac{3 \text{LEPLUSRO}}{160} \text{Mr}$ $\frac{120}{280} \text{He}$ $\frac{280}{30 \times 3} =$ $12 \times 1 =$	cms +Mrsking+Willic nny . E240 12 E252	<u>5</u> x 16C 4 1m	$2^{2} = 120$ $a^{1}_{8}b$ a 52 a 8	



Examiner only





Turn over.



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C300U101 17

		16
(b)	During the holiday season, a boat brings people to a point on the island.	
	Don drives a minibus taking people from the boat to the beach café.	
	Don's minibus has seats for 16 passengers. He makes 3 trips every 2 hours from the boat to the beach café.	
	He starts work at the boat at 10 a.m. and finishes at 5 p.m. His lunchtime lasts for 1 hour.	
	What is the greatest number of people Don can take from the boat to the beach café each day? You must show all your working. [4]	
	10 Am - 5 pm -> 7 hours	
	7 - Ihr (lunch) -> 6 hours work.	
	3 trips every 2 hrs -> 9 trips in 6 hrs	
	16	
	<u>្</u> x ។	
	144 people maximum	
		L





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(b)	Harr bus	iet waited 10 minutes at a bus stop outside the medical centre and then caug home.	ht the			
	After 5 minutes, the bus stopped in a traffic jam 0.5 km from the medical centre for					
	<u>12 n</u> The	ninutes. bus then travelled <u>directly t</u> o Harriet's village.				
	Harr Harr	iet got off the bus at a stop in her village <u>1.5 km</u> from the medical centre. iet was on the bus for a total of 20 minutes.				
	(i)	Draw Harriet's bus journey on the distance-time graph.	[3]			
	(ii)	Harriet got off the bus and then walked 0.5km to her house. She walked at a speed of 2 km per hour.				
		How many minutes did it take Harriet to walk home from the bus stop?	[2]			
		$2km \longrightarrow 1$ hour.				
		1 km> 30 mins				
		1/2 km> 15 mins				
		15 minutes				
	(iii)	Harriet lives further from the medical centre than Alf and Nicky.				
		Complete Harriet's journey home on the distance-time graph.	[1]			
			L			
19		© WJEC CBAC Ltd. (C300U10-1) Turn	over.			

	en they were stu	idents, Paige and Anj	a had part-time jobs.	
(a)	One week, Pa	aige earned £51 at a	rate of £8.50 per hour.	
	For how many	y hours did Paige wo	rk?	[2]
	51÷	8.50 =	6	
8.	50 x 2 =	EI 7	<i></i>	
17	x 3 = ES I		·	
(1-)	A			
(D)	Her rate of pa	as a carer at weeken	as. s £12 per hour.	
	Her rate of pa	ay for the <u>night-time</u> w	/as £9 per hour.	
	(i) How mu	uch did Anja earn for	working 20 daytime hours and 10 night-	time hours?
	12	10	240	
	×20	х٩	+ 90	
	E240	£90	F 330 4	
	(ii) Last we	eekend, her total dayt	ime pay and her total night-time pay we	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay :	ime pay and her total night-time pay wei total night-time pay = 4 : 1.	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360	ime pay and her total night-time pay wei total night-time pay = 4 : 1.	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours	ime pay and her total night-time pay wei total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend?	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours	ime pay and her total night-time pay wer total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend?	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? \overline{o} tal 1 part	e in the ratio
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D X72 (eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 1 $paf5$ 360 = $f7$	re in the ratio [3]
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D X72(4 E28	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours ; N I ; N I ; X^{72} ; X^{72}	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + a 1 = pa f 5 = 360 = £7 560 = 5	re in the ratio [3]
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D X72(4 £28	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours ; N T $38 \cdot (=72)$ x72	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + a 1 = pa A + 1 = p	The ratio [3]
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D x_{72} 4 E_{28}	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours ; N T $38 \cdot (£72)$ 3 $8 \cdot (£72)$ 3	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + 3 + 1 + pa + 1 +	The ratio [3]
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D x_{72} Eas	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours N T $38 \cdot (£72)$ 38	ime pay and her total night-time pay we total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2	Te in the ratio $[3]$
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D $x_{72}(4)$ Eas 28	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours N T $38 \cdot (£72) \times 72$ $38 \cdot (£72) \times 72$ $38 \cdot (£72) \times 72$	ime pay and her total night-time pay were total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 5	The ratio [3]
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D x_{72} $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ E_{28} \end{pmatrix}$	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours N T $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$	ime pay and her total night-time pay were total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	The ratio $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -72 \\ -60 \end{bmatrix}$
	(ii) Last we She ear How ma D x72(E28 9 775 Shc	eekend, her total dayt total daytime pay : rned a total of £360. any night-time hours N T $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$ $38 \cdot (£72)$	ime pay and her total night-time pay were total night-time pay = 4 : 1. did she work last weekend? 5 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5	The ratio $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 72 \\ 60 \end{bmatrix}$

Dhe evening all the members of a craft club either paint, sew or knit. Each member takes part in only one activity.	
• $\frac{1}{3}$ of the members paint.	
• $\frac{2}{5}$ of the members sew.	
 The remaining members all knit. 	
That evening, 33 of the members either paint or sew.	
How many members does the craft club have in total?	[4]
$5x1 + 2x^3 = 5 + 6 = 11$	
$5_{x}3$ $\overline{5}_{x3}$ $\overline{15}$ $\overline{15}$ $\overline{15}$	
U	
3333333333	
22 000010	
s people	
33 - 11 = 3	
$15 \vee 3 = 45$	
10 × 0 - 40	
	•••••



(a)	The m	nean age is 50 years and the mean letter size is 11 points.	E
	Using	this information, draw a line of best fit on the scatter graph.	[2]
<i>"</i> , ,		that passes through (50,11)	
(b)	Use th	e scatter graph to answer each of the following questions.	
	(i)	Estimate the smallest letter size which can be read by a person aged 52.	[1]
		11 [accept between 11-13]	
	(ii)	Jared is 30 years old.	
		Should the scatter graph be used to estimate the smallest letter size that Jarec read?	d can
		Yes No 🗸	
	ł	Give a reason for your answer.	[1]
	The	te is no data on the graph for	
	bec	ple younger than 40	
	ı		
	•••••	······	

.

tere is her question. Too general	
Which method do you use to learn about(politics?) Tick (J) one box.	
Social media Newspaper Radio	
Vrite a better version of Zena's question in the box below. You must include response boxes.	[2]
which method do opu use to learn about recent national political events?	
Social I Newspaper Radio I	
other None	
	Here is her question. Too general Which method do you use to learn about politics? Tick (J) one box. Social media Newspaper Radio Nite a better version of Zena's question in the box below. You must include response boxes. Which method do que use to learn about recent national political events? Social Newspaper Social Newspaper Radio Other None

9.	(a)	Simplify $5\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{7}$. $8\sqrt{7}$	[1]
	(b)	Work out the value of $6 + \sqrt[3]{8000}$. 6 + 20 = 26	-
	(C)	Work out the value of $3^{20} \div 3^{18}$. $3^{20-18} = 3^2 = 9$	[2]
NORTH NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE P			

Examiner only

[5]

20. A running club has 125 members.

Each member is either a sprinter, a middle-distance runner or a long-distance runner.

82 members are seniors.
45 members are long-distance runners and 5 of these are juniors.
28 members are senior middle-distance runners.
✓ There are 3 more junior sprinters than senior sprinters.

A person is selected at random from the club.

Find the probability that this person is a junior middle-distance runner. Use this table to help you.

	Sprinter	Middle-distance runner	Long-distance runner	Total
Senior	14	28	40	82
Junior	17	21	5	43
Total	31	49	45	125

 \mathcal{A}

4

°125 check:

Probability ...



Examiner only 21. A company logo is printed on cards and letters. x2 5 -2.5 Diagram not drawn to scale +2(j25:12+2 Each line in the larger logo has a corresponding line in the smaller one. The lengths of the corresponding lines are all in the ratio 5 : 2. (a)Complete the following statement with a single mathematical word. (i) [1] 'The two logos areSimila. because corresponding lines are in the same proportion. Complete the following statement with a number. (ii) [1] 'The larger logo is an enlargement of the smaller logo using a scale factor of 2.5 (b)One of the lines on the larger logo is 7.5 cm long. How long is the corresponding line on the smaller logo? [2] $7.5 \div 2.5 = 3 \text{ cm}$

Examiner only **22.** (a) Find an expression for the *n*th term of this sequence. [2] $1 \qquad 10 \\ +9 \qquad +9 \qquad +9$ -8 19 28 37 9n-8 / The *n*th term of a different sequence is $3(n^2 + 1)$. (b) (i) Find the 10th term of this sequence. [1] $n=10 \qquad 3(10^{2}+1) \\ 3(100+1) = 3 \times 101$ = 303 // Explain why 601 cannot be a term of this sequence. (ii) Do not find any more terms. [1] 601 is not in the 3 timestable or if $3(n^2+1) = 601$ n will not be a whole number so 601 is not in the sequence

They made trays of egg, trays of cheese and trays of meat sandwiches in the ratio egg: cheese : meat = 1:3:4. At the end of the party, 20% of the egg sandwiches, 10% of the cheese sandwiches and 25% of the meat sandwiches were uneaten? How many trays of sandwiches were uneaten? E: C: M Total $1/2 \times 5$ 5×15 20 40 traups Uneaten E: 20% of $5 = \frac{1}{5} \times 5 = 1$ C: 10% of $15 = \frac{1}{5} \times 15 = 1.5$ 1×5 1×5 7×5 trays of sandwiches 7×5 trays of sandwiches	-						
egg: cheese : meat = 1 : 3 : 4. At the end of the party, 20% of the egg sandwiches, 10% of the cheese sandwiches and 25% of the meat sandwiches were uneaten? How many trays of sandwiches were uneaten? F : C : To Total $1 : 3 : 4 : 5 : 3 : 4 : 5 : 3 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5$		They made trays of egg, trays of cheese and trays of meat sandwiches in the ratio					
At the end of the party, 20% of the egg sandwiches, 10% of the cheese sandwiches and 25% of the meat sandwiches were uneaten. How many trays of sandwiches were uneaten? $F \cdot C \cdot m Total$ $\frac{1}{1} \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 8 1 \times 5 1 \times 5 $		egg : cheese : meat = 1 : 3 : 4.					
How many trays of sandwiches were uneaten? $F : C : M Total$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{5}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} \times $		At the end of the party, 20% of the egg sandwiches, 10% of the cheese sandwiches and 25% of the meat sandwiches were uneaten.					
E: C: M Total $\frac{1}{1} + \frac{3}{5} +$	ł	How many trays of sandwiches were uneaten? [4]					
$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{8}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{5} \cdot \frac{5}$		E: C: M Total					
Uneaten E: 20% of 5 = $\frac{1}{5} \times 5 = 1$ C: 10% of 15 = $\frac{1}{15} \times 15 = 1.5$ M: 25% of 20 = $\frac{1}{4} \times 20 = 5$ 7.5 trays 7.5 trays of sandwiches		$\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{15} \cdot \frac{4}{20} \times \frac{8}{40} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{15} \cdot \frac{20}{20} \times \frac{1}{40} \times \frac{1}{5}$					
$ \begin{array}{cccc} F: 20% & of 5 = \frac{1}{5} \times 5 = 1 \\ C: 10% & of 15 = \frac{1}{15} \times 15 = 1.5 \\ M: 25% & of 20 = \frac{1}{4} \times 20 = 5 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{cccc} 7.5 & trays of sandwiches \end{array} $		Uneaten					
C: 10% of 15 = $\frac{1}{10} \times 15 = 1.5$ M: 25% of 20 = $\frac{1}{4} \times 20 = 5$ 7.5 trays 7.5 trays of sandwiches		E: 20% of 5 = $\pm x5 = 1$] Total					
$M: 257 \text{ of } 20 = \frac{1}{4} \times 20 = 5$ 7.5 trays of sandwiches	.(C: 10% of 15 = $1 \times 15 = 1.5$ (7 = 1					
7.5 trays of sandwiches	($M = 25/$ of $20 = 1 \times 20 = 5$					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
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		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					
		7.5 trays of sandwiches					



	400 customers?		[4]
	0.35 × 400 = 0.35 × 100 × 4		
	= 35×4	35	
	= 140 boxes	140	
	140		
	х <u>З</u>		
E۷	420		
	Τ		
	4.20		
	Total value of free sample boxes is £ 420		
(b)	Novak says:		
(b)	Novak says:		
(b)	Novak says:		
(b)	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38.	at	
(b)	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38.	at	
(b)	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38. Is he correct?	at	
(b)	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38. Is he correct? Yes No	at	
(b)	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38. Is he correct? Yes No Explain how you decide.	at	[1]
(b) bea	Novak says: The most accurate estimate of the probability the a customer will be sent a free sample box is 0.38. Is he correct? Yes No Explain how you decide. Cause thats the relative frequence	at cy from	[1]





(i) Circle the equation that represents a line parallel to
$$y = 3x - 1$$
. (1)
 $y = 3 - x$ $3y = x - 1$ $(y = 3x + 2)$ $\frac{3}{y} = x$ $\frac{x}{3} = y$
Both have a gradient = 3
(c) Circle the equation where y is directly proportional to x.
 $y = \frac{5}{x}$ $x + y = 1$ $7 = xy$ $y = 3x^2$ $(y = 4x)$
END OF PAPER
END OF PAPER



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examine only
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